



ANNUAL REPORT 2024

CHAIRMAN AND CEO REPORT

Dear Shareholders

2024 has again been a significant year for Southern Palladium with an exploration programme now completed and a Preliminary Feasibility Study nearing completion at the Company's (70%) Bengwenyama project, which is situated on the Eastern Limb of the Bushveld Complex in South Africa. This complex hosts approximately 72% of the world's platinum group metals ("PGMs"), and the project is nestled in prime PGM mining real estate amongst major platinum and chrome producers.

Pleasingly, the completed drilling results confirm the consistency of the grade and the continuity of the UG2 reef, enabling the Company to confirm an updated Mineral Resource Estimate for the UG2. The total combined UG2 and Merensky Reef Mineral Resource ounces (Measured, Indicated and Inferred) for the Bengwenyama Project now stands at 40.25 Moz. ¹ This confirms the Bengwenyama Project as a significant player among projects on the Eastern Limb of the Bushveld Complex.

Importantly the Company has also materially advanced its Preliminary Feasibility Study for safely and responsibly developing a shallow PGM underground mine, paired with a conventional processing facility, integrated into a well-established downstream refining chain. Our work thus far confirms the Company's original analysis that the UG2 currently has the best development potential, and that we should keep open the potential for mining the Merensky Reef in future. The PFS is on track for completion in Q4 2024.

During the year the Company completed and submitted its Environmental Impact Assessment in support of its Mining Right Application, an essential step in the project's development.

Our longstanding relationship with the Bengwenyama Community, established over 18 years ago, continues to be a cornerstone of this project's success. As partners in this major project, we deeply value their involvement and support.

Ongoing strong demand for PGMs for industrial applications, investment and jewellery, combined with the rise in prominence of hybrid vehicles, the stronger for longer thesis for internal combustion engines (ICE) and the slowing in growth in battery electric vehicles point to improving market fundamentals and an emergence from the bottom of the PGM price cycle. PGMs are undoubtably a Green metal of the future and positive developments in the evolution of the green hydrogen value chain, combined with higher for longer demand in ICE's and the growth in hybrids, point to ongoing strong demand.

The emergence of platinum as an attractive investment class has also contributed to demand. On the supply-side, the closure of older generation high cost and exhausted shafts has led to expectations of reduced supply over the next few years. In platinum, marginally falling supply and stable demand will lead to supply-demand deficits of some 700 Koz per annum, resulting

 $^{^{}m 1}$ The information is extracted from the report entitled "Bengwenyama UG2 Mineral Resource Update:

Total (UG2 & MR) Mineral Resource now 40.25Moz Merensky Reef Indicated Resource +17% to 2.23Moz (7E)" created on 23 October 2024 and is available to view on the Company's website. The company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

CHAIRMAN AND CEO REPORT

in a significant reduction in above ground stocks over the next few years. The evolution of the PGM market and price cycle we believe will be supportive of the development of the Bengwenyama project.

We would like to acknowledge the ongoing commitment of the Board of Directors, management and the team in the field who together have contributed to the successes of the Company this past year.

Southern Palladium remains firmly on the path of transitioning from a pure exploration company to one focused on development. We sincerely thank our shareholders for their continued support as we move forward on this exciting journey.

Roger Baxter

Executive Chairman

Johan Odendaal Managing Director/CEO

Introduction

Southern Palladium continues to recognise the importance of social, environmental and governance aspects in our business. This sentiment is reflected in our core values and is incorporated into our development and planning. Sustainable development and operational practices are proactively encouraged and implemented throughout all our company and project tiers.

Community, Stakeholder Engagement and Social Responsibility

The Bengwenyama Project is held by Miracle Upon Miracle Investments (Pty) Ltd (MUM; a 70% subsidiary of Southern Palladium). The lawful residents of the farms Eerstegeluk and Nooitverwacht that comprise the Bengwenyama Project Area are the Bengwenyama-ya-Maswazi Traditional Community (or Community), represented in their official capacity by a structured Royal Family and Traditional Council. The Community holds an effective economic interest in the Company of 36.3% via a 30% direct holding and a further indirect holding of 6.3% through its 9% shareholding in SPD.

Southern Palladium works closely with the community, actively promoting inclusivity and project

awareness. Ethical inclusion extends to fair representation of local stakeholders via Royal Family, Traditional Council and other Community representatives. Periodical progress meetings are held virtually with the two Community representatives, together with the environmental and exploration management consulting firm contracted to the project. Quarterly meetings are held on site with extended representation from the local stakeholders. Southern Palladium remains sensitive to the needs of the community and proactively incorporates feedback into decision making. As the Project activities expand, opportunities for improved structures and channels are currently being identified and developed.



adopted Figure 1: Local School Visit

Southern Palladium has adopted preferentially procurement of skills,

services and other resources from the community. This has been implemented for the exploration activities, where a team of residents have been trained and employed as technical personnel. To date, positions for project site manager, geologist, core-yard assistants, gardener and general cleaner have been filled by resident members of the community. Key service providers have been sourced from the community through an official tender process inclusive of security, diesel provision and, sanitation. The exploration office camp has been set up at a the Khomanani Centre on the Eerstegeluk farm site through a rental agreement between MUM and the Traditional Council that has enabled infrastructure upgrading and power reconnection of Bengwenyama community assets.

One-on-one consultations are held with land occupants affected by drilling operations prior to the movement of a drill rig into an identified area as the Project activities expand. Through structured

Surface Rights Usage and Access Agreements, impacted persons may be liable for monetary compensation by the Company. Compensation is paid once a drillhole has been completed.

A social and labour plan for 2024 has been developed for the Bengwenyama Project in compliance with the requirements of the MPRDA, the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Regulations, 2004 (GN R527 of 2004) and the Mining Charter, 2018 to promote social and economic development through targeted initiatives and projects. To date, Southern Palladium has completed a



Figure 2: Local Team who completed the survey across villages to determine baseline information in support of the Company SUDP

socio-economic survey across the seven villages to determine baseline information in support of the Social Upliftment and Development Plan that intends to provide a framework for the Bengwenayma community to implement and manage initiatives beyond the scope of the social labour plan. It should be noted that the current social labour plan has been reviewed by the competent authority and MUM is currently awaiting approval from the Fetakgomo Tubatse Local Municipality through an endorsement letter for local economic development projects. Local economic development allows and encourages local communities, government and the private sector to work together to achieve sustainable economic growth and development. Southern Palladium through MUM will implement sustainable community development initiatives, and these include early child development (investment in quality early child education), waste management and water supply. Currently, MUM has adopted a local day care, Somqhuba pre-school within Soupiana village in order to assist local day care's with improving their classrooms (upgrade works), and ensure that the daycare centre has dignified structures and an environment that is conducive for early child development.

We currently have established open public channels that are actively marketed by community leaders to disclose activities relevant to site activities and social investments. These include a dedicated Facebook page (https://www.facebook.com/SouthernPalladium) and half-yearly newsletters that are

printed distributed freely across the farms. Southern Palladium actively identifies and where possible, participates in community events. This includes sponsoring and attending local school sports events and educational outings to the company sites.

Environmental Responsibility and Stewardship

Southern Palladium entrenches principles of environmental stewardship throughout its business. Mine development and production planning acutely consider aspects of the social and biophysical environment. Through an environmental authorisation and environmental management programme, negative impacts are mitigated, and compliance monitoring is periodical undertaken to promote environmental stewardship. An environmental management program for exploration activities at prospecting phase has been implemented. Currently Southern Palladium is in the process of acquiring the environmental permits required to commence with mining activities for the Bengwenyama Project lifecycle. Environmental specialists registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions and Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa are appointed for the Bengwenyama Project to ensure ongoing due diligence to allow for early risk identification and remediation. There is reasonable basis to believe that all governmental requirements for the Bengwenyama Project will be obtained and any factors or risks that may affect access, title or right or the ability to perform work on the property are negligible.

Southern Palladium actively implements and promotes conservation and reduction of reliance on natural resources and efficient waste and water management are core to the company, aiming to be a responsible steward of the Earth's resources. Site planning and optimisation aim to achieve closed water systems, reduced waste generation, responsible waste disposal and pollution control. Bulk raw water for the Bengwenyama Project has been purchased from the licenced Lebalelo Water User Association for drilling activities during the prospecting right phase, drawn from an established nearby pipeline connection point and not from an adjacent river system. The diamond drilling programme has utilised mobile water sumps for water reticulation and effective water recycling through the sump system for the continued drilling and drilling mud is disposed of at the licenced facility, Malogeng Landfill Site.

A detailed breakdown of the emission sources of the critical minerals has been noted in an emissions inventory undertaken as part of the air quality assessment for environmental permitting. An ambient air monitoring program has been developed to monitor the impact of emission sources at sensitive receptor locations around the proposed Bengwenyama Project site. The information to be obtained from the monitoring program once mining activities have commenced will feed into the operational management of site-based emission sources to assist scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions.

The impacts of the future operation on climate change and conversely, the impacts of climate change on the operation will be assessed to determine the climate change vulnerability of the Mine. To date, appointed energy specialists have undertaken a carbon neutral energy study on the use of more efficient and lower carbon intensity sources (including renewable energy sources such as solar photovoltaic), innovative technologies, practices to reduce energy consumption and carbon intensity forecasts assessing greenhouse gas emissions per production factors. The findings of the study clearly show a viable pathway to decarbonisation for Southern Palladium and ensuring residual carbon emissions mitigation measures.

Health and Safety

Southern Palladium is committed to upholding high standards of employee and workplace health and safety. Exploration activities at Bengwenyama are conducted in compliance with all regulations including the South African Mine Health and Safety Act (29 of 1996). To date, a comprehensive safety file, emergency response plan, policies and codes of practice have been implemented, incorporating

key guidelines published by the Chamber of Mines and legal appointments in terms of policies and Mine Health and Safety regulations.

Health and safety inductions, daily safety meetings, requirement of PPE will continue to be a requirement during the Bengwenyama Project lifecycle.

Governance

Foundations promoting accountability and collaboration have been adopted throughout Southern Palladium's operations. Effective management is achieved through vigilant planning and being responsive to stimuli, aiming for ethical and equitable practices. The Company remains compliant with governing laws. The business and exploration activities of the Company are conducted in accordance with the jurisdictional laws and regulations within which they occur. Activities are confined to the countries of Australia and South Africa, with exploration active only in South Africa.

Throughout the business hierarchy, Southern Palladium seeks to remain transparent by making appropriate formal disclosures to all stakeholders. On the corporate level, this is achieved through publicised notices guided by requirements of the ASX, the JSE and best practice. On the project level, Southern Palladium practices active and continuous shareholder engagement and inclusion

Our ESG-oriented policies address anti-bribery and corruption, diversity, occupational health and safety, environmental and water stewardship, human rights, stakeholder engagement, sustainable development, and risk management.

The Bengwenyama Project is subject to regulation under legislation of the Republic of South Africa in relation to the exploration activities conducted by the Company. Exploration is conducted in compliance with the preferent prospecting right, prospecting works programme and environmental management plan as approved by the South African Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE). Annual activities reports are timeously submitted together with annual prospecting fees payable for the project. Lateral site activities are also undertaken in accordance with governing laws and regulations. Security guards are verified for registration with the Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority (PSiRA).

To date, the competent authority has conducted site visits at prospecting exploration phase, mining right application phase and no major risks have been identified. The following environmental regulatory milestones have been achieved. The granting of the Preferent Prospecting Right number LP30/5/1/1/3/2/1/002PPR issued for platinum group metals, gold, copper, chrome, cobalt, silver and nickel under Section 104 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 as amended was issued in 2015 and execution and completion of exploration activities with respective environmental compliance monitoring in 2024. The Mining Right application, reference LP30/5/1/2/2/10252MR by MUM is running parallel to the environmental permitting process and MUM is awaiting approval within the legislated timeframes for the environmental authorisation. Additional permits inclusive of a waste management licence in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 and a water use licence in terms of section 21 of the National Water Act, 1998 applications are currently in progress.

There have been no known breaches of permitting, social and environmental obligations at the date of this report.

Southern Palladium Limited

A.B.N 59 646 391 899

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Directors Roger Baxter

Johan Odendaal Daniel Van Heerden Lindi Nkosi-Thomas Mike Stirzaker Robert Thomson

Company Secretary Andrew Cooke

Registered & Principal Office Level 1, 283 George Street,

Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Contact Information <u>info@southernpalladium.com</u>

Share Registry Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Level 3, 60 Carrington Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Auditor BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Level 9, Mia Yellagonga Tower 2

5 Spring Street, Perth WA 6000, Australia

Bankers Commonwealth Bank Australia

Commonwealth Bank Place South,

Level 1, 11 Harbour Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

Stock Exchange Listing Southern Palladium Limited shares are dual listed with a primary listing on the

Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code: SPD) and a secondary listing on the

Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE code: SDL)

Website <u>www.southernpalladium.com</u>

Corporate Governance Statement <u>www.southernpalladium.com/site/about/corporate-governance</u>

DIRECTORS REPORT

The directors present their report on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the Group) consisting of Southern Palladium Limited (referred to hereafter as the Company) and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2024.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The names and positions of the directors of the Company in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are set out below. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated, are:

Roger Baxter (Non-Executive Chairman, appointed 1 January 2024)

Johan Odendaal (Managing Director)

Daniel Van Heerden (Non-Executive Director)

Geoffrey Hiller (Non-Executive Director, resigned 10 June 2024)

Lindi Nkosi-Thomas SC (Non-Executive Director, appointed 10 June 2024)

Mike Stirzaker (Non-executive Director, Non-Executive Interim Chairman from 5 May to 31 December 2023)

Robert Thomson (Non-Executive Director)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the financial year the principal activity of the Company was the advancement of its Bengwenyama Platinum Group Metal project in South Africa.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Group's net loss from operations for the year was \$6,725,277 (2023: \$7,176,148)

At 30 June 2024, the Group had net working capital of \$5,315,488 (2023: \$11,467,073).

The Directors believe there are sufficient funds to meet the Group's working capital requirements and as at the date of this report the Group believes it can meet all liabilities as and when they fall due.

This report is prepared on the going concern basis which assumes the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or declared since the start of the financial year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2024.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The Company's primary focus during the financial year was the ongoing advancement of its development programme at the Bengwenyama PGM (platinum group metals) project, in which it holds a direct 70% stake. The project is strategically positioned in the heart of the world class Bushveld Complex – the largest source of PGMs globally – in a significant underground mining region with established expertise and infrastructure.

The Company acquired its interest in the Project via the acquisition of a 70% equity interest in Miracle Upon Miracle Investments (Pty) Ltd (MUM), a South African private company holding a 100% stake in the Project.

MUM's tenement area stretches over two farming areas:

- (a) the Farm Eerstegeluk 327KT (previously known as Eerstegeluk 322KT); and
- (b) the Farm Nooitverwacht 324KT,

measuring 5,280 ha in extent and located in the Magisterial District of Sekhukhune, Limpopo Province, Republic of South Africa.

DIRECTORS REPORT

Bengwenyama PGM Project

The Bengwenyama project is a pre-development platinum metal group project situated on the Eastern Limb of the Bushveld Complex which holds approximately 72% of the world's PGM resources

The property encompasses two economically significant reefs, namely the UG2 and Merensky reefs, which span from the surface to a depth of 1,100 meters over a downdip stretch of 10 kilometres. These two reefs represent primary economic deposits that are actively exploited by other platinum mining companies for Platinum Group Metals (PGMs), base metals and chrome in the region. The Company's focus is on the UG2 reef, which is the predominantly mined reef in the area. Both reefs can be extracted through underground mining methods.

The PGM ore from these reefs can be processed using well-established and conventional methods widely employed throughout the Bushveld Complex. Importantly, the Project is in close proximity to existing mining operations as well as essential infrastructure, enhancing their strategic value and accessibility.

Operations during the year included the formal completion of Southern Palladium's PFS (Pre-Feasibility Study) drilling campaign.

In total, 82 drillholes were completed, totalling 30,746 meters, which included 50 reef deflections. These deflections were drilled to collect metallurgical samples, and some used to study the short-range variability (SRV) of the UG2 reef.

Figure 1: Core yard at the Operational Offices



The drilling campaign has been highly successful leading to an improved geological understanding of the project and increased confidence in the Mineral Resource. This success has resulted in the declaration of Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources with the conversion of Exploration Targets in the remaining project area into an Inferred Mineral Resource.

The latest upgrade of the UG2 resource has an estimated Measured and Indicated Mineral Resource (M&I) of 6.80 Moz at a 3PGE + Au (4E) grade of 8.23 g/t or 8.17 Moz at a 6PGE + Au grade (7E) of 9.89 g/t respectively over 73 cm. The 2.3 Moz of Measured Mineral Resource at a 7E grade of 10.00 g/t. now contributes 28% to the UG2 Measured and Indicated Mineral Resource.

DIRECTORS REPORT

The total combined Mineral Resource for the UG2 and MR as at 1 August 2024 is summarised in Table 1, with the Merensky Reef update to follow soon. The total combined Mineral Resource (M&I and Inferred) is now 35.32 Moz (28.97 Moz combined MR and UG2 (7E) + 6.35 Moz Nooitverwacht extension (4E only)).

Table 1: Combined UG2 and MR Mineral Resource as at 1 August 2024

Doof	December Cotemani	Tonnes	Thickness	Pt	Pd	Rh	Au	lr	Os	Ru	4E	7E	Cu	Ni	Moz	Moz
Reef	Resource Category	Mt	(m)	(g/t)	(%)	(%)	(4E)	(7E)								
Merensky	Indicated	21.59	2.05	1.59	0.65	0.10	0.12	0.03	0.03	0.21	2.48	2.75	0.04	0.12	1.72	1.91
Merensky	Inferred	77.90	1.97	2.01	0.81	0.13	0.15	0.04	0.04	0.25	3.10	3.43	0.03	0.12	7.77	8.60
Merensky	Total	99.49	1.99	1.92	0.78	0.12	0.14	0.04	0.04	0.24	2.97	3.28	0.04	0.12	9.49	10.50
UG2	Measured	7.17	0.77	3.69	3.75	0.76	0.12	0.25	0.17	1.24	8.34	10.00	0.03	0.16	1.92	2.30
UG2	Indicated	18.52	0.72	3.68	3.63	0.76	0.11	0.26	0.17	1.23	8.19	9.85	0.04	0.16	4.88	5.86
UG2	Inferred	33.01	0.69	3.67	3.50	0.76	0.11	0.26	0.17	1.23	8.04	9.70	0.04	0.17	8.54	10.30
UG2	Total	58.70	0.71	3.67	3.57	0.76	0.11	0.26	0.17	1.23	8.12	9.78	0.04	0.17	15.33	18.46
Meren	sky & UG2 Total (7E)1	158.19	1.52	2.57	1.81	0.36	0.13	0.12	0.09	0.61	4.88	5.70	0.04	0.14	24.82	28.97
UG2	Inferred Nooit. Ext. (4E)	36.12	1.30	3.00	2.01	0.44	0.07				5.47				6.35	
UG2	Total (4E)	94.82	0.93	3.42	2.98	0.64	0.10				7.11				21.68	
Meren	sky & UG2 Total (4E) ²	194.31	1.48	2.65	1.85	0.37	0.12				4.99				31.17	

Note:

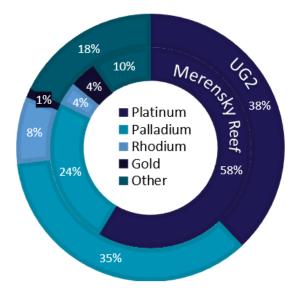
- 1. 7E Ounces excluding Nooitverwacht Ext 4E ounces
- 2. 4E ounces including Nooitverwacht Ext.
- 3. Total Combined Resource Ounces: Merensky & UG2 Total (7E) (28.97) + Inferred Nooit. Ext. (4E) (6.35) = 35.32Moz

All elements have been estimated individually and their combined grade will vary slightly from the estimated composite 4E and 7E modelled grades.

Platinum Group metals

Platinum (Pt) is one of the most abundant PGMs in the Bushveld Complex, often occurring in significant quantities, and is highly valuable due to its various industrial applications, including catalytic converters, jewellery, and electronics and its investment demand.

Figure 2: Platinum Group Metal + Gold Prill Split



Palladium (Pd): Palladium is another essential PGM found in the Bushveld Complex. It is valued for its use in catalytic converters, especially in gasoline-powered vehicles and hybrid vehicles, and it has applications in the electronics and chemical industries.

Rhodium (Rh): Rhodium is rarer than platinum and palladium. It is highly prized for its exceptional catalytic properties and is primarily used in catalytic converters, particularly in diesel engines.

Ruthenium (Ru): Ruthenium is one of the less abundant PGMs in the complex. It has applications in the electronics industry and in various high-temperature alloys.

Iridium (Ir): Iridium is relatively scarce in the Bushveld Complex but is valued for its hardness and corrosion resistance. It has applications in spark plugs, electrical contacts, hydrogen production and as a hardening agent in platinum alloys.

Osmium (Os): Osmium is the least common of the PGMs in the Bushveld Complex. It is often associated with other PGMs and is used primarily in specialty alloys and electrical contacts.

DIRECTORS REPORT

Project Studies

The Scoping study completed during Q1 2024 confirmed the continuation of the PFS aimed for completion in Q4 2024.

The key results of the Scoping Study are detailed in the table to follow. The results indicate an economically viable project with a post-tax NPV8% of US\$700 million and a post-tax IRR of 21%. The payback period has been calculated as 7.5 years from start of construction and 4.5 years from the first plant throughput. The Project has an all-in-sustaining-cost of US\$836/7E oz. Project cashflows are assessed on a real terms, pre-finance basis.

2 Mtpa UG2 Reef

PGM Concentrate (LOM avg)

50 Kt p.a. @ 2.5% mass pull

Annual production (LOM avg)

330 Koz p.a. 6E

130 Koz p.a. Pt

125 Koz p.a. Pd

27 Koz p.a. Rh

4 Koz p.a. Au

+ Ru, Ir, Ni, Cu

Chrome Conc.

140 Kt p.a.

Peak Funding Requirement

USD403 million (incl. ~15%

contingency)

EBITDA (LOM avg)

USD200 million pa

Free cashflow (post-tax)

USD135 million p.a.

Costs (LOM avg)

Cash Costs - USD717/ 6E oz AISC - USD836/ 6E oz NPV_{8%} (post-tax)

USD700 million *

IRR (post-tax)

21%

Payback period

4.5 years

(from start of plant production)

EBITDA margin

43%

The Scoping Study identified that there is a well-established downstream smelting and refining process for PGM concentrates within South Africa. Well-established precedents exist for commercial terms that would be applicable for UG2 and Merensky concentrates. Most smelters processing the concentrate from the Eastern and Western Limbs are situated in Rustenburg, with almost all the concentrator product in the area being transported by truck to Rustenburg. The Project PGM concentrates are believed to be suitable for these facilities. The recently completed Scoping Study enabled the company to initiate discussions with potential offtake parties, which remain ongoing alongside the PFS works programme. The PFS remains on track for completion in Q4 2024 and is undergoing continuous review by consultants SRK.

Community Engagement

Introduction

Southern Palladium continues to recognise the importance of social, environmental and governance aspects in our business. This sentiment is reflected in our core values, and is incorporated into our development and planning. Sustainable development and operational practices are proactively encouraged and implemented throughout all our Company and project tiers.

Community, Stakeholder Engagement and Social Responsibility

The lawful residents of the farms Eerstegeluk and Nooitverwacht that comprise the Bengwenyama project area are the Bengwenyama-ya-Maswazi Traditional Community (or Community), represented in their official capacity by a structured Royal Family and Traditional Council.

The Company and the Community are partners in the Bengwenyama project.

Southern Palladium works closely with the Community, actively promoting inclusivity and project awareness. Ethical inclusion extends to fair representation via Royal Family, Traditional Council and other Community representatives. During the drilling programme, weekly exploration meetings were held virtually with the two Community representatives, together with the environmental and exploration management consulting firm contracted to the project. Quarterly meetings are held on site with extended representation from the greater Royal Family, Traditional Council and Community representatives. Southern Palladium remains sensitive to the needs of the Community and proactively incorporates feedback into decision making.

The Khomanani Centre on the Eerstegeluk farm has been established as the office base for the exploration project. The centre is secured through a rental agreement between MUM and the Traditional Council. Continuing security services, diesel supply, sanitation and electrical services are provided to the active exploration base via Community-based service providers.

DIRECTORS REPORT

Preferential employment for the exploration project is given to Community members.

In late June 2023, a Facebook page (https://www.facebook.com/SouthernPalladium) was launched to provide project updates, news and relevant information with the Community in a more accessible and real-time manner.

Figure 3: Annual Soccer and Netball Tournament a resounding success



Environmental Responsibility and Stewardship

Southern Palladium entrenches principles of environmental stewardship throughout its business. Exploration activities are undertaken in a manner that takes acute cognisance of the social and biophysical environments. Measures are implemented to mitigate negative impacts and alternatives that promote environmental stewardship are preferred. Moreover, assessments are made during the prospecting operations to mitigate impacts as they occur.

At the Bengwenyama project, drillhole collar positions are strategically planned to avoid potentially locally sensitive areas. Assessment of each drillhole site is undertaken and recorded prior to drilling to identify the baseline status of the environment. Upon completion, rehabilitation of the drill pad and drilling site is undertaken immediately in accordance with the environmental management plan.

Bulk raw water for the Bengwenyama project is purchased from the licenced Lebalelo Water User Association for drilling activities, drawn from an established nearby pipeline connection point and not from an adjacent river system. The diamond drilling programme utilises mobile water sumps for water reticulation. The use of mobile sumps eliminates removal of topsoil and mitigates seepage and sump site rehabilitation. Water is effectively recycled through the sump system for the continued drilling. Drilling mud is disposed of at the licenced facility Malogeng Landfill Site.

An Environmental Compliance Officer, registered with the Environmental Assessment Practitioners Association of South Africa, has been appointed at the Bengwenyama project. Ongoing site monitoring allows for early risk identification and remediation.

Health and Safety

Southern Palladium is committed to upholding the highest standards of employee and workplace health and safety. Exploration activities at Bengwenyama are conducted in compliance with all regulations including the South African Mine Health and Safety Act (29 of 1996). A comprehensive safety file, emergency response plan, policies and codes of practice are implemented, incorporating key guidelines published by the Chamber of Mines. Legal appointments are made in terms of policies and Mine Health and Safety regulations. Health and safety inductions are held for all new persons arriving on site at the Bengwenyama project. Daily safety meetings are held and a working incidents reporting and management system is established. The use of PPE is enforced and provision is made for such equipment to all persons.

DIRECTORS REPORT

Governance

Foundations promoting accountability and collaboration have been adopted throughout Southern Palladium's operations. Effective management is achieved through vigilant planning and being responsive to stimuli, aiming for ethical and equitable practices. The Company remains compliant with governing laws. The business and exploration activities of the Company are conducted in accordance with the jurisdictional laws and regulations within which they occur. Activities are confined to the countries of Australia and South Africa, with exploration active only in South Africa.

Throughout the business hierarchy, Southern Palladium seeks to remain transparent by making appropriate formal disclosures to all stakeholders. On the corporate level, this is achieved through publicised notices guided by requirements of the ASX, the JSE and best practice. On the project level, Southern Palladium practices active and continuous shareholder engagement and inclusion.

Our ESG-oriented policies address anti-bribery and corruption, diversity, occupational health and safety, environmental and water stewardship, human rights, stakeholder engagement, sustainable development, and risk management.

The Bengwenyama project is subject to regulation under legislation of the Republic of South Africa in relation to the exploration activities conducted by the Company. Exploration has been conducted in compliance with the preferent prospecting right, prospecting works programme and environmental management plan as approved by the South African Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE). Annual activities reports were timeously submitted together with annual prospecting fees payable for the project. Lateral site activities are also undertaken in accordance with governing laws and regulations. Security guards are verified for registration with the Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority (PSiRA).

The DMRE has conducted site visits to the project. No major risks have been identified. A renewed permit is in place from the Tubatse Local Municipality for the disposal of drill-sourced mud at the local Malogeng Landfill Site.

There have been no known breaches of permitting, social and environmental obligations at the date of this report.

Tenements

The Group held the tenements set out in the table below during the year. The Project comprises the full extent of the farms Nooitverwacht 324 KT and Eerstegeluk 327 KT, both of which are in the Limpopo Province of South Africa. The Project is located 250 km east-northeast of Pretoria. The Exploration tenement is 100% held through MUM.

Farm name	Extent (ha)
Nooitverwacht 324 KT	2,971.01
Eerstegeluk 327 KT	2,308.73
Total	5,279.74

Submission of Mining Right Application

On September 29, 2023, Southern Palladium officially submitted its application for a Mining Right. On 17 October 2023, the company received notification from the Department of Mineral Resource and Energy (DMRE) that its application for the Mining Right had been accepted. Comprehensive expert studies and consultations are ongoing, providing the foundation for a decision by the DMRE anticipated in H1 2025.

The ongoing development programme included the advancement of Southern Palladium's Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) which was submitted on the 10 July 2024.

The EIA and consultation process were completed on schedule, with the report submitted on 10 July 2024, and the acknowledgment letter from the DMRE issued on 22 July 2024. Additional permit applications, including Waste Management and Water Use Licences, are currently in progress.

Environmental Impact Assessment

The acceptance letter for the Mining Right Application, received on 17 October 2023 marked the commencement of the Environmental Authorisation process comprising the Scoping and EIA reporting phases. completed on February 14, 2024. An EIA process followed and has been completed by independent consultants OMI Solutions in accordance with the EIA Regulations.

The EIA studies and consultation process were completed on-schedule and the report was submitted on July 10, 2024. The formal acknowledgment letter was subsequently issued by the DMRE on July 22, 2024. The letter is an important step because

DIRECTORS REPORT

it acts as an acknowledgement by the DMRE that the core parameters of the EIA submission have been met correctly by the Company, and the detailed review can commence for issuance of the Environmental Authorisation.

Figure 4: Mining Right Application Timelines



Additional permit applications are in progress, including a Waste Management Licence ("WML") application and a Water Use Licence ("WUL") application, which will be submitted for water uses associated with the Bengwenyama Project.

The EIA submission, along with the WML and WUL submissions, form part of the comprehensive review process for Southern Palladium's Mining Right Application ("MRA"). The WML and WUL applications are scheduled to be completed and submitted by December 2024.

RISKS OVERVIEW

The Board is responsible for the Company's risk management and control framework. The material business risks that the Company faces that could influence the Company's future prospects, and how these are managed, are outlined below.

Exploration and development

The future value of the Company will depend on its ability to develop resources that are economically recoverable. Mineral exploration and development is a speculative undertaking that may be impeded by circumstances and factors beyond the control of the Company. There is no assurance that the Scoping study results will lead to the development of a PGM mine. The future exploration and development activities of the Company can be affected by a range of factors including geological conditions, unanticipated operational and technical difficulties, industrial and environmental accidents, changing government regulations and other factors beyond the control of the Company. This is managed where possible by the employment of competent personnel and reputable consultants with the relevant skills and experience to deal with these issues, extensive technical analysis and planning, and undertaking field exploration activities.

Resource and reserve estimates risk

The estimated quantities of reserves and resources are based upon interpretations of geological, geophysical and engineering models and assessment of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of production. Estimates that are valid at a certain point in time may alter significantly or become uncertain when new information becomes available through field research, additional drilling or technical analysis. As reserves and resources estimates change, development and production plans may be altered in a way that may adversely affect the PGM mine's operations and financial results. The Company prepares its reserves and resources estimates in accordance with the JORC 2012 standard and guidelines.

DIRECTORS REPORT

Tenure and title risk

The Group's operations in South Africa require approvals from various South African government regulatory authorities which may not be forthcoming, either at all or in a timely manner, or which may not be able to be obtained on terms acceptable to the Company. Mining and exploration tenements/licences are subject to periodic renewal. There is no guarantee that current or future exploration permit applications or existing permit renewals will be approved, renewed or renewed in full, and that they will be granted without undue delay, or that the Company (or the holder) can economically comply with any conditions imposed on any granted exploration permits. A failure to obtain any approval would mean that the Group may be restricted, either in part or absolutely, from exploration, development and mining activities. Tenure management processes and standard operating procedures are utilised to minimise the risk of losing tenure. The Company regularly engages with the principal regulator, DMRE, regarding its tenement compliance management.

Future funding needs

Further funding will be required by the Company in the future to support its ongoing operations and implement its strategies. There can be no assurance that such funding will be available on satisfactory terms or at all at the relevant time. Any inability to obtain sufficient financing for the Group's activities and future projects may result in the delay or cancellation of certain activities or projects, which would likely have a material adverse impact on the potential growth of the Company. The annual capital and operating budgeting processes are approved by the Board to ensure appropriate allocation of resources.

Reliance on key personnel and relationship with Minxcon

The responsibility of overseeing the day-to-day operations and the strategic management of the Group depends substantially on its Directors, its small management team, and on its relationship with Minxcon. Loss of key personnel may have an adverse impact on the Company's performance. The Company remunerates and incentivises at appropriate market rates to reduce the risk of losing key personnel.

Sovereign risk

The Company has considered the sovereign risk as it applies to South Africa. To mitigate this risk, the Company has established a strong partnership with local community members and maintains a productive relationship with key local and government representatives.

Commodity prices and exchange rates

The Company's Bengwenyama project is an advanced stage exploration project focussed on PGM mineralisation. Platinum, palladium and rhodium prices can fluctuate significantly due to factors beyond the control of the Company. A significant decrease in commodity prices is likely to adversely affect sentiment towards the Company and market support towards the Company's development of the project.

The Company has exchange rate risks as IPO funds were raised in Australian dollars and exploration expenditure is largely expended in South African Rand or US dollars. It is likely that future development funds will be partly provided from external debt providers in US dollars. It is anticipated that future project revenues will largely be denominated in US dollars which is expected to provide a natural hedge in respect of debt servicing requirements.

Cyber security

The integrity, availability, and confidentiality of data within the Company's information and operational technology systems may be subject to intentional or unintentional disruption. The Company has developed robust storage and backup systems to avoid a total loss of intellectual property relating to the Company's project in South Africa. The Group does not retain a substantial amount of customer data so that aspect of cyber security risk is limited.

Climate change

The Group is likely to be subject to increasing regulations and costs associated with climate change and, specifically, management of carbon emissions. Strategic, regulatory and operational risks and opportunities associated with climate change and the energy transition are progressively being incorporated into Company policy, strategy and risk management processes and practices. The Company is exploring energy alternatives to drive its project development strategy. The Company is also developing a formal rehabilitation strategy for post mining restoration of the project site.

DIRECTORS REPORT

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

No other significant changes to the Company's state of affairs have occurred during the year.

AFTER BALANCE DATE EVENTS

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Group intends to continue its exploration and development activities on its Bengwenyama PGM Project in South Africa.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group has an environmental rehabilitation policy that is applied to each tenement upon grant. The policy has been adhered to and no breaches have occurred during the year. Exploration activities are undertaken in accordance with approved plans and governing laws and regulations.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Roger Baxter

Independent Non-executive Chairman (Appointed 1 January 2024) Member of Audit Committee

Roger was the CEO of the Minerals Council South Africa (MCSA) stepping down in June 2023. He led the brand rejuvenation and modernisation of the MCSA into a much more effective, strategically driven, agile, assertive and capable organisation. He is recognised for his roles in guiding the mining sector to achieve the best safety and health performance on record, addressing key legacy issues, in helping the industry navigate the COVID-19 crisis, in the fight against corruption, in negotiating economic and mineral policy with government and in driving significant structural and institutional reforms in the economy. He was awarded the "2020 Mining Thought Leader of the Year" by Mining Review Africa, was listed in the "top 100 most influential people in Africa's mining sector" for over a decade and was awarded the Brigadier Stokes Platinum medal for meritorious leadership contribution to the mining sector by the SAIMM. He was the founding Chairman of the World Platinum Investment Council, the past President of MIASA, the past Chairman of the ACG of the ICMM and a past director of BUSA. Roger holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) from the University of Natal in South Africa.

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Nil

Equity interests held as at the date of this report: Nil

Johan Odendaal

Managing Director

Mr Odendaal is a Mineral Economist and holds a B.Sc. degree in Geology, a B.Sc. Hons degree in Mineral Economics and a M.Sc. degree in Mining Engineering. Johan is director and co-founder of mining consulting firm Minxcon (Pty) Ltd (2005) and has 36 years' experience in the mining and financial industry. This includes 19 years as an independent mining consultant and 12 years as a financial analyst involved in mine-financial analysis and valuations and corporate advisory. He headed Mining Research at a leading South African broking firm and spent several years at Merrill Lynch as Vice President. Mr Odendaal is the Chief Executive Officer of Miracle Upon Miracle Investments (Pty) Ltd (Holder of the PGM prospecting right).

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Nil

Equity interests held as at the date of this report: Indirect interest through a trust in12,656,992 fully paid ordinary shares and 100,000 Series B Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 27 May 2026 (escrowed to 8 June 2024).

DIRECTORS REPORT

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Daniel Van Heerden

Non-independent Non-executive Director

Mr Van Heerden holds a M.Com., a B. Eng Mining Engineering and has a Mine Managers Certificate from the SA Chamber of Mines. He has over 30 years' experience in the mining industry and has obtained significant experience in managing mining operations in South Africa and abroad, both underground and open cast, for world-class major mining companies and for junior mining companies. He was responsible for new business development for two major mining companies and has experience in mining mergers and acquisitions. He is currently heading the Mining Engineering division of Minxcon, where he is involved in activities such as valuation, due diligence, finance structuring, change management required post the event, feasibility studies, life of mine plans, technical reviews and writing of technical reports for various commodities.

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Nil

Equity interests held as at the date of this report: Indirect interest through a trust in12,656,992 fully paid ordinary shares and 100,000 Series B Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 27 May 2026 (escrowed to 8 June 2024).

Geoffrey Hiller (resigned 10 June 2024)

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr Hiller is mining/civil engineer with over 25 years of mining industry experience including feasibility, financing, development and construction of projects. Mr Hiller holds a Bachelor of Engineering Mining (Hons) from the University of Melbourne, a Bachelor of Civil Engineering (Hons) from the University of Sydney and MBA from the Australian Graduate School of Management (University of New South Wales).

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Pacific Nickel Mines Limited (ASX: PNM)

Austpac Resources NL.

Equity interests held as at the date of this report: 300,000 fully paid ordinary shares held directly and 380,000 fully paid ordinary shares held indirectly.

1,000,000 Series A Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

100,000 Series B Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

400,000 Performance Rights

Lindi Nkosi-Thomas (appointed 10 June 2024)

Independent Non-executive Director

A practising lawyer, Lindi is a Senior Counsel and a member of the Johannesburg Bar, having been called to the Bar in November 1994. In 2009 she was conferred the status of silk by the President of the Republic of South Africa. As Senior Counsel, Lindi has acted in various litigious matters of national importance and has advised state-owned companies and the South African Government on numerous litigious matters and transactions of considerable scale. Between 2006 and 2023, Ms Nkosi-Thomas has also acted as a Judge of the High Court of South Africa on multiple occasions and continues to do so from time to time.

Among her various directorships, Ms Nkosi-Thomas serves as Chair of Miracle Upon Miracle Investments (MUM), the private company which owns the rights to the Bengwenyama PGM project through a joint ownership structure in which Southern Palladium holds a 70% stake in MUM, and the remaining 30% is held by a company wholly-owned by the local Bengwenyama community.

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Nil

Equity interests held as at the date of this report: 258,000 fully paid ordinary shares.

DIRECTORS REPORT

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Mike Stirzaker

Non-executive Director and Chair of Audit Committee Independent Non-executive Interim Chairman (5 May 2023 to 31 December 2023)

Mr Stirzaker qualified as a Chartered Accountant whilst working with KPMG. He has over 35 years' commercial experience, mainly in mining finance and mining investment with various companies including being Joint Managing Director of boutique resource adviser, RFC Group Limited, a partner of Tennant Metals, Finance Director of Finders Resources Limited, and from 2010 to 2019 was a partner at the private equity mining fund manager, Pacific Road Capital.

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years:

Base Resources Limited (ASX: BSE)

Akora Resources Limited (ASX: AKO) (resigned 31 January 2024)

Firestone Diamonds Limited

Equity interests held as at the date of this report:

863,000 ordinary shares held indirectly

1,000,000 Series A Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

100,000 Series B Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

400,000 Performance Rights

Robert Thomson

Independent Non-executive Director and Member of Audit Committee

Mr Thomson is a Mining Engineer with extensive experience (gold and base metals) in site operations, the development of exploration projects into sustainable mining operations and businesses in Asia, Africa Canada and Australia. He has a Bachelor of Engineering (Mining) from the University of Queensland, an MBA from the University of Wollongong and is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers. He also has extensive corporate and industry experience with local and international mining companies in senior executive roles and as a non-executive director of publicly listed companies on the ASX and formerly on the AIM Exchange and the TSX-V.

Other Public Company Directorships in the past 3 years: Pacific Nickel Mines Limited (ASX:PNM)

Equity interests held as at the date of this report:

233,343 ordinary shares and 400,000 Performance Rights held directly. 666,667 ordinary shares held indirectly.

1,000,000 Series A Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

100,000 Series B Unlisted Options Exercise Price \$0.875 Expire 8 June 2026

COMPANY SECRETARY

Andrew J. Cooke LLB

Mr Cooke is a lawyer with over 30 years' experience in law, corporate finance and as a Company Secretary of listed resource companies. He is responsible for corporate administration together with stock exchange and regulatory compliance.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The following table sets out the number of directors' meetings held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each director (while they were a director or committee member).

	Board of Dire	ctors	Audit Committee		
	Eligible to Attend Attended		Eligible to Attend	Attended	
Roger Baxter	4	4	-	-	
Johan Odendaal	10	10	=	-	
Daniel Van Heerden	10	10	-	-	
Geoffrey Hiller	11	11	4	4	
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas	-	-	-	-	
Mike Stirzaker	11	10	6	6	
Robert Thomson	11	10	6	6	

There was no Nomination & Remuneration Committee meeting held during the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

DIRECTORS REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the consolidated entity, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- b) Key management personnel
- c) Details of remuneration
- d) Share-based compensation
- e) Additional information
- f) Other transactions of Key Management Personnel
- g) Equity instrument disclosures relating to Directors and Key Management Personnel
- h) Voting of shareholders at last year's annual general meeting

a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the consolidated entity's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with the achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and it is considered to conform to the market best practice for the delivery of reward. The Board of Directors ('the Board') ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- · competitiveness and reasonableness
- acceptability to shareholders
- · performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration arrangements for its directors and executives. The performance of the consolidated entity depends on the quality of its directors and executives. The remuneration philosophy is to attract, motivate and retain high performance and high quality personnel.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy of the consolidated entity. The Company engaged a remuneration consultant in the prior year but not in the current year.

Additionally, the reward framework should seek to enhance executives' interests by:

- · rewarding capability and experience
- · reflecting competitive reward for contribution to growth in shareholder wealth
- providing a clear structure for earning rewards

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive director remuneration is separate.

Non-executive directors' remuneration

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may, from time to time, receive advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The chairman's fees are determined independently to the fees of other non-executive directors based on comparative roles in the external market. The chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration.

For the financial year commencing 1 July 2021 and in respect of each financial year thereafter and until otherwise determined by a resolution of Shareholders, the maximum aggregate remuneration payable by the Company to all non-executive Directors for their services as Directors including their services on a Board committee or sub-committee and including superannuation is limited to \$750,000 per annum (in total).

Each non-executive Director has entered into a deed of appointment with the Company.

DIRECTORS REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

b) Key management personnel

The directors and other key management personnel of Southern Palladium Limited during the year were:

Mr Roger Baxter - Non-executive Chairman (Appointed 1 January 2024)

Mr Johan Odendaal - Managing Director (Appointed 27 May 2021)

Mr Daniel Van Heerden - Non-executive Director (Appointed 27 May 2021)

Mr Geoffrey Hiller - Non-executive Director (Resigned 10 June 2024)

Ms Lindi Nkosi-Thomas – Non-executive Director (Appointed 10 June 2024)

Mr Mike Stirzaker – Non-executive Director (Appointed 4 December 2020 and Non-executive Interim Chairman from 6 May 2023 to 31 December 2023)

Mr Robert Thomson - Non-executive Director (Appointed 4 December 2020)

c) Remuneration expenses for executive KMP

The following table shows details of the remuneration expense recognised for the Group's executive key management personnel for the current and previous financial year measured in accordance with the requirements of the accounting standards.

		Salary & Fees	Superannuation	Share-based payments (i)	Total	Performance based
Non-Executive Directors:	_	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Roger Baxter (Chairman, appointed 1 January 2024) (ii)	2024	46,000	9,500	-	55,500	-
	2023	-	-	-	-	-
Daniel Van Heerden	2024	42,850	-	6,825	49,675	13.7
	2023	42,675	-	21,173	63,848	33.2
Geoffrey Hiller (resigned 10 June						
2024) (iii)	2024	36,275	4,075	56,825	97,175	58.5
	2023	38,620	4,055	71,173	113,848	62.5
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas (Appointed 10 June 2024) (iv)	2024 2023	2,266	-	-	2,266	
Mike Stirzaker (Non-executive Director from 1 January 2024, Interim Chairman from 5 May 2023						
to 31 December 2023)	2024	56,103	6,171	56,825	119,099	47.7
	2023	46,493	4,882	71,173	122,548	58.1
Robert Thomson	2024	38,603	4,246	56,825	99,674	57.0
	2023	38,620	4,055	71,173	113,848	62.5
Managing Director:						
Johan Odendaal	2024	108,504	-	6,825	115,329	5.9
	2023	108,504	-	21,173	129,677	16.3
Total Key Management Personnel	2024	330,601	23,992	184,125	538,718	34.2
	2023	274,912	12,992	255,865	543,769	47.1

i) In accordance with AASB 2 Share-Based Payments (SBP), the fair value of SBP is determined at the date of grant. Options have been valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Performance rights have been valued at the share price on grant date. The value per option and per performance right on grant date was \$0.301 and \$0.50 respectively. SBP expense is allocated to each period evenly over the period from grant date to vesting date. The value disclosed is the portion of SBP expense recognised as an expense in each reporting period.

SBP for Mr Stirzaker, Mr Hiller and Mr Thomson in the current financial year are attributable as follows: 88% (2023: 70%) of their total SBP is the value ascribed to their deferred conditional consideration for the transaction whereby the Company acquired its 70% equity interest in MUM. The remaining 12% (2023: 30%) forms part of their remuneration for services as directors of the Company. All SBP for Mr Odendaal and Mr van Heerden forms part of their remuneration for services as a director of the Company.

- ii) Represents remuneration from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 as non-executive chairman.
- iii) Represents remuneration from 10 June 2024 to 30 June 2024 as non-executive director.
- iv) Represents remuneration from 1 July 2023 to 10 June 2024 as non-executive director.

DIRECTORS REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

Services agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel is formalised in services agreements. Details of the agreement is as follow:

Name Johan Odendaal
Title Managing Director
Date agreement commenced 27 May 2022

Team of agreement 2 years and extended to an ongoing basis effective from 27 May 2024

Details Annual package salary of \$108,000, to be reviewed annually by the Nomination and

Remuneration Committee. 3 month termination notice by either party, 100,000 Series B Options in two tranches of 50,000 options to purchase ordinary shares of the Company after meeting the vesting conditions. Option exercise price at \$0.875 with

expiry date 27 May 2026.

d) Share-based compensation

Issue of shares

No shares were issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

Options

The terms and conditions of each grant of options over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Series B Options

	No. of options granted	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price per option	Fair Value per option at grant date	Number of options forfeited	Number of options vested
Directors							
Mike Stirzaker	100,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	\$0.875	\$0.301	-	100,000
Johan Odendaal	100,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	\$0.875	\$0.301	-	100,000
Geoffrey Hiller	100,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	\$0.875	\$0.301	_	100,000
Robert Thomson	100,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	\$0.875	\$0.301	-	100,000
Daniel Van Heerden	100,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	\$0.875	\$0.301	-	100,000

The Series B Options vested in two equal tranches, respectively after completion of one and two year's service on the Board post Company listing. Accordingly, 50% of the above options vested in the current financial year and 50% vested in the prior financial year.

Options granted to directors of the Company were subject to escrow until 7 June 2024.

Performance Rights

	No. of performance Rights granted	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price per performance rights granted	Fair Value per performance rights at grant date	Number of performance rights vested
Directors						
Mike Stirzaker	400,000	27-05-2022	08-06-2026	Nil	\$0.50	-
Geoffrey Hiller	400,000	27-05-2022	08-06-2026	Nil	\$0.50	-
Robert Thomson	400,000	27-05-2022	08-06-2026	Nil	\$0.50	-

Performance Rights are rights to be issued shares in the Company for nil exercise price upon the achievement of the Initial Reserve Milestone and, upon vesting, can be converted into shares on a 1-1 basis. The Initial Reserve Milestone being at least 2,000,000 oz of Identified PGE (4E) Reserves have been identified, comprising at least 15 million tonnes and a grade of at least 3.0 grams per tonne.

DIRECTORS REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Performance Rights were issued as part consideration for the transaction whereby the Company acquired its 70% equity interest in MUM; they do not form part of remuneration for services as a director of the Company.

Performance Rights granted to directors of the Company were subject to escrow until 7 June 2024.

e) Additional information

The Group's projects are at a stage of advanced exploration progressing to development and as a result, the Group does not yet have earnings from mining. In view of that, shareholder wealth is based on the market's view of the value of future production, the Group's potential for future discovery success, and the quality and experience of its people. This is reflected in market capitalisation, which is also influenced by factors outside the Group's control, such as commodity prices and general market behaviour.

Accordingly, remuneration policy for key management personnel is in part based on the extent to which the corporate exploration and evaluation objectives are met, recognising that the time frame for success commonly exceeds one year.

f) Other transactions of Key Management Personnel

In the financial year, MUM paid/pays South Africa Rand (ZAR) 18,418,245 to Minxcon (Pty) Ltd for project management of the Bengwenyama Project. Two of the Company's Directors, Johan Odendaal and Daniel Van Heerden, are significant and controlling shareholders in Minxcon (Pty) Ltd.

Johan Odendaal is also an Executive Director to MUM, in which the Company holds a 70% equity interest. The aggregate remuneration payable to Johan Odendaal by the Company and MUM under his employment contract with the Company and arrangements with MUM is A\$250,000 per annum.

Mike Stirzaker and Daniel Van Heerden were appointed as Non-Executive Director to MUM effective 26 May 2022.

Lindi Nkosi-Thomas was appointed as Non-Executive Chairman to MUM effective 19 May 2022 (Non-executive director, 3 March 2017 to 18 May 2022).

As of 30 June 2024, MUM directors' fees paid/payable to Directors of the Company are as follows:

	South Africa Rand (ZAR)				
	Annual Fee	30 June 2024			
Non-Executive Directors:	-				
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas (Chairman)	170,000	170,000			
Daniel Van Heerden	140,000	140,000			
Mike Stirzaker	140,000	140,000			
Managing Director:					
Johan Odendaal	1,450,000	1,450,000			

g) Equity instrument disclosures relating to Directors and Key Management Personnel

Shareholding

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Additions	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
Ordinary shares					
Mike Stirzaker	863,333¹	-	-	-	863,333
Johan Odendaal	12,656,992 ²	-	-	-	12,656,992
Geoffrey Hiller	742,000 ³	-	-	-	742,000
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas	-	-	258,000 ⁶	-	258,000
Robert Thomson	900,010⁴	-	-	-	900,010
Daniel Van Heerden	12,656,992 ²	-	-	20,000	12,676,9925

Note 1: Relevant interest indirectly held through Stith Pty Ltd and Grafton Bond Investments Pty Ltd.

Note 2: Relevant Interest indirectly held through Nicolas Daniel Resources.

Note 3: Relevant interest indirectly held through Highshaw Pty Ltd and Grafton Bond Investments Pty Ltd.

Note 4: Relevant interest indirectly held through Monterey Consolidated Services Pty Ltd.

Note 5: Relevant interest indirectly held through Nicolas Daniel Resources, and 20,000 IPO shares are held by Mr Van Heerden's spouse.

Note 6. Off-market transfer

DIRECTORS REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

Performance Right holding

The number of performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Number of performance rights vested	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/other	Balance at the end of the year
Performance rights	•		· ·			•
Mike Stirzaker	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
Geoffrey Hiller	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
Robert Thomson	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
	1.200.000	-	-	-	-	1.200.000

Option holding

The number of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Number of options vested	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested
Options								
Mike Stirzaker	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Johan Odendaal	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	100,000	-
Geoffrey Hiller	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Robert Thomson	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Daniel Van	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	100,000	-
Heerden								
	3,500,000	-	3,500,000	-	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-

h) Voting of shareholders at last year's annual general meeting

The Company received 97.68% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2023 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.

DIRECTORS REPORT

SHARES UNDER OPTIONS AND PERFORMANCE RIGHTS

a) Unissued ordinary shares

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option and performance right at the date of this report are as follows:

	Date options granted	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option/performance
Series A options	27 May 2022	27 May 2026	\$0.875	6,638,000
Series B options	27 May 2022	27 May 2026	\$0.875	500,000
Performance rights	27 May 2022	27 May 2026	nil	1,200,000

No option of performance right holder has any right to participate in any other share issue of the Company or any other entity.

b) Shares issued on the exercise of options and vesting of performance rights

During the year ended 30 June 2024, no ordinary shares of the Company were issued on the exercise of options or the vesting of performance rights.

RESTRICTED SECURITIES

46,671,673 ordinary shares of the Company were released from escrow on 7 June 2024 following a 24 month escrow period. Included in this amount are 22,750,000 ordinary shares (being the Clawback Shares) that are subject to voluntary restrictions under the terms of the Share Exchange Agreement for a further two years until 7 June 2026 or until certain project milestones have been achieved, whichever occurs earlier.

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The Company has indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the Company against a liability. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Company has not indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company against any liabilities incurred as auditor.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in or on behalf of the Company.

AUDITORS

Non-audit Services

No amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration can be found on the next page.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

On behalf of the Directors

Røger Baxter Non-Executive Chairman

Australia, 28 September 2024



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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY GLYN O'BRIEN TO THE DIRECTORS OF SOUTHERN PALLADIUM LIMITED

As lead auditor of Southern Palladium Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Southern Palladium Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Glyn O'Brien

Gun O'Der

Director

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Perth

28 September 2024

CONTENTS

	Page
Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	28
Consolidated statement of financial position	29
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	30
Consolidated statement of cash flows	31
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	32
Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement	49
Directors' declaration	50
Independent auditor's report	51

This financial report is for the consolidated entity consisting of Southern Palladium Limited and its subsidiaries. The financial report is presented in Australian currency, which is Southern Palladium Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Southern Palladium Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Southern Palladium Limited Level 1 283 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

A description of the nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities is included in the review of operations in the directors' report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 28 September 2024. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Interest income		906,188	324,706
Expenses			
Administration expenses	4	(814,407)	(657,813)
Employee benefits expenses		(354,596)	(355,942)
Share-based payment expenses	21	(184,125)	(251,662)
Share of loss of associate accounting using equity method	6	(517,482)	(722,026)
Impairment of Loan Receivable	3	(5,760,855)	(5,513,411)
Loss before income tax expense		(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Income tax expense	13	-	-
Net loss for the year	_	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		330,169	(2,168,745)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(6,395,108)	(9,344,893)
Loss for the year is attributable to owners of the Company		(6,395,108)	(9,344,893)
Total comprehensive loss is attributable to owners of the Company	_	(6,395,108)	(9,344,893)
	_		
Basic/diluted (loss) per share	12	(0.075)	(0.080)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note		
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	5,431,286	11,547,700
Trade and other receivables		3,436	3,495
Prepayment		18,581	15,169
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	5,453,303	11,566,364
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment accounted for using the equity method	6	19,659,255	19,718,653
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		19,659,255	19,718,653
TOTAL ASSETS		25,112,558	31,285,017
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	7	137,815	99,290
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	137,815	99,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES		137,815	99,290
NET ASSETS	_	24,974,743	31,185,727
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	8	41,079,861	41,079,861
Reserves	9	552,746	38,452
Accumulated losses	10	(16,657,864)	(9,932,587)
TOTAL EQUITY	_	24,974,743	31,185,726

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Contributed Equity	Accumulated Losses	Reserves	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	41,079,861	(2,756,439)	1,955,535	40,278,957
Loss for the year	-	(7,176,148)	-	(7,176,148)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(2,168,745)	(2,168,745)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(7,176,148)	(2,168,745)	(9,344,893)
Share-based payments	-	-	251,662	251,662
Balance at 30 June 2023	41,079,861	(9,932,587)	38,452	31,185,726
		(0.000.00)		
Balance at 1 July 2023	41,079,861	(9,932,587)	38,452	31,185,726
Loss for the year	-	(6,725,277)	-	(6,725,277)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign Operations	<u>-</u>	-	330,169	330,169
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(6,725,277)	330,169	(6,395,108)
Share-based payments	-	- -	184,125	184,125
Balance at 30 June 2024	41,079,861	(16,657,864)	552,746	24,974,743

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		2024	2023
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
		(4.400.004)	(4.400.500)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,133,831)	(1,182,596)
Interest received		239,359	121,864
Net cash (used in) operating activities	11	(894,472)	(1,060,732)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Loan to MUM		(5,221,942)	(5,256,621)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(5,221,942)	(5,256,621)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from shares issue		-	-
Share issue transaction costs		-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	-	<u>-</u>
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH HELD		(6,116,414)	(6,317,353)
CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		11,547,700	17,865,053
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	5	5,431,286	11,547,700

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations are most relevant to the Company:

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Conceptual Framework)

The Company has adopted the revised Conceptual Framework from incorporation. The Conceptual Framework contains new definition and recognition criteria as well as new guidance on measurement that affects several Accounting Standards, but it has not had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB'), as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The Group experienced operating losses of \$6,725,277 and negative cash flow from operations of \$894,472 during the year ended 30 June 2024.

At 30 June 2024, the Company had net current assets of \$5,315,488, including cash reserve of \$5,431,286 to fund its working capital requirements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. There does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial position of the Company or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the financial position of the Company at the reporting date and subsequent.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates that are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flows statements, cash and cash equivalents includes:

- cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions; and
- investments in money market instruments with less than 90 days to maturity that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c) Employee benefits

Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and years of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the year in which they incurred.

d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Company for similar financial instruments.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

e) Joint ventures

A joint venture (JV) is a type of joint arrangement in which the parties with joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

The Group's investment in MUM is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in the JV is initially recognised at cost to the Company. In subsequent periods, the carrying amount of the JV is adjusted to recognise changes in the Company's share of net assets of the JV since the acquisition date. The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income reflects the Company's share of the results of the operations of the JV. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the JV, the Company recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and the JV are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the JV. The aggregate of the Company's share of profit or loss of the JV is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as part of operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the JV. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment. Income earned from joint venture entities reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e) Joint ventures (continued)

When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company. After application of the equity method, the Company determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in the JV. At each reporting date, the Company determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the JV is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the JV and its carrying value, then recognises the loss as 'Share of profit or loss of a joint venture' in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. On loss of joint control over the JV, the Company measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the JV upon loss of joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

f) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

g) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months from the reporting date. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

h) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted loss per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

i) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

j) Dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the Company.

k) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The Company has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

I) Share-based payments

Under AASB 2 Share-Based Payment, the Company must recognise the fair value of shares and options granted to directors, employees and consultants as remuneration as an expense on a prorate basis over the vesting period in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each year, the Company revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non market vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. No revision to original estimates is made in respect of options issued with market based conditions.

The Company provides benefits to employees (including directors) of the Group in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees (including directors) is measured by reference to fair value at the date they are granted. The fair value is determined using an appropriate option pricing model.

In relation to the valuation of the share-based payments, these are valued using an appropriate option valuation method. Once a valuation is obtained management use an assessment as to the probability of meeting non-market based conditions. Market conditions are vested over the period in which management assess it will take for these conditions to be satisfied.

m) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Employee benefits provision

There are no employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date.

Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the consolidated entity's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Valuation of share-based payment transactions

The valuation of share-based payment transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted.

Options and performance rights

The fair value of options and performance rights issued are determined using the Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options and performance rights were granted.

Interest in Associates and Impairment

Through the Share Exchange Agreement between the Company and its associate, Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Proprietary Limited ("MUM"), the Company acquired 70% of interests of MUM. For the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the Group's shareholding in MUM remained as 70% and retains 50% of board members on MUM's board of directors. Therefore, the Company in accordance with AASB 128, determined it has significant influence over MUM for the year ended 30 June 2024. At each reporting date, the Company reviews for any impairment triggers that adversely reduces the value of its interest after the asset has been treated under equity accounting. The Company takes into consideration a number of impairment triggers such as but not limited to, MUM's net assets as at reporting date, exploration activities announced on the ASX and movement in share price.

Provision for impairment of receivable

The loss allowance for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected credit loss rate. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the input to the impairment calculation based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The economic entity operates in one segment "Project Operations" within mineral exploration and development in South Africa. The Group has one reportable segment, as described below, for which the Board of Directors (the chief operating decision maker) reviews internal management reports on a regular basis. No segment assets were impaired during the year. (2023: nil).

South Africa

The development of the Group's interest in the joint venture Bengwenyama project in Limpopo Province of South Africa.

Reportable segment assets

The key segment assets as reported to the Board are as follows:

Investment in Associate	2024 \$	2023 \$
Bengwenyama project Exchange differences on translation of foreign	19,718,653	22,663,372
operations	458,084	(2,222,693)
Share losses of joint ventures	(517,482)	(722,026)
	19,659,255	19,718,653

Reportable segment profit/(loss)

2024	Bengwenyama Project	Unallocated Amount	Consolidated
	\$	\$	\$
Interest Income	666,829	239,359	906,188
Corporate expenses	-	(814,407)	(814,407)
Share-based payments	-	(184,125)	(184,125)
Employee benefits expense	-	(354,596)	(354,596)
Share of losses of joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(517,482)	-	(517,482)
Impairment expense	(5,760,855)	-	(5,760,855)
Loss before income tax expense	(5,611,508)	(1,113,769)	(6,725,277)
Income tax expense		-	-
Net loss for the year	(5,611,508)	(1,113,769)	(6,725,277)
Other comprehensive loss	(127,915)	458,084	330,169
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(5,739,423)	(655,685)	(6,395,108)

2023	Bengwenyama Project	Unallocated Amount	Consolidated
	\$	\$	\$
Interest Income	-	324,706	324,706
Corporate expenses	-	(657,813)	(657,813)
Share-based payments	-	(251,662)	(251,662)
Employee benefits expense	-	(355,942)	(355,942)
Share of losses of joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(722,026)	-	(722,026)
Impairment expense	(5,513,411)	-	(5,513,411)
Loss before income tax expense	(6,235,437)	(940,711)	(7,176,148)
Income tax expense	-	-	-
Net loss for the year	(6,235,437)	(940,711)	(7,176,148)
Other comprehensive loss	53,947	(2,222,692)	(2,168,745)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(6,181,490)	(3,163,403)	(9,344,893)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

4 ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
The loss before income tax includes the following expenses:		
Legal fees	1,670	2,918
Audit fees	72,009	63,605
Listing and consultancy expenses	474,272	270,075
Others	266,456	321,215
	814,407	657,813
5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank and on hand Term deposit	431,286 5,000,000	347,700 11,200,000
	5,431,286	11,547,000

The above figures do not include the cash and cash equivalents held by the Company's 70% subsidiary, Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Pty Ltd (MUM) due to that investment being accounted for under the equity method. Details of MUM's cash and cash equivalents can be seen in note 6 below.

6 INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

The Group acquired its 70% interest in MUM on 27 May 2022. The fair value of the assets acquired of \$22,750,000 was based on the fair value of 45,500,000 shares (Consideration Shares) being issued as consideration for the acquisition of MUM. The shares were valued based on the IPO price of \$0.50 per share as the acquisition was conditional on the Listing.

50% of the Consideration Shares may be clawed back by the Company for a nominal sum (\$50) and then cancelled in the event that certain project milestones are not achieved within four years from the date of the IPO. For the purpose of the valuation of the total consideration, the Company considers it is likely that the performance conditions will be met, therefore the maximum value of the consideration has been recorded.

Whilst the company owns 70% of the voting rights, the terms of the arrangement require unanimous consent over decisions relating to relevant activities of MUM. The Company has determined that the relevant activities for its joint arrangement relate to the operating and capital decisions of the arrangement, such as the approval of the expenditure programme for each year. The joint arrangement is structured through a separate vehicle, namely MUM. This structure and the terms of the contractual arrangement indicate that the Company has rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Therefore, the investment in MUM has been accounted for using the equity method as a joint venture.

The Group's interest in MUM is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's investment in MUM:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Investment in Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Pty Ltd	19,659,255	19,718,653

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

6 INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (CONTINUED)

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Information relating to joint ventures that are material to the consolidated entity are set out below:

		Ownershij	o interest
Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	2024 %	2023 %
Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Proprietary Limited	South Africa	70	70

Summarised financial information

The table below provides summarised financial information of MUM. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of MUM and not Southern Palladium's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and modifications for any differences in accounting policy.

	Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Proprietary Limited	
	2024	
	\$	\$
Summarised statement of financial position		
Cash and cash equivalents	785,909	611,414
Other current assets	-	225,284
Non-current assets	8,733,145	4,142,624
Total assets	9,519,054	4,979,322
Other current liabilities	20,655	434,811
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	11,276,818	5,559,511
Total liabilities	11,297,473	5,994,322
Net Assets/(Liabilities)	(1,778,419)	(1,015,000)
Group's share in %	70%	70%
Group's share in \$	(1,244,893)	(710,500)
Investment at cost	20,904,148	20,429,153
Carrying amount	19,659,255	19,718,653

The investment at cost is attributable to the Company's contribution towards exploration in excess of their share of the net assets of MUM.

Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Revenue	14,527	2,000
Expenses	(753,788)	(1,033,466)
Loss before income tax	(739,261)	(1,031,466)
Total comprehensive loss	(739,261)	(1,031,466)
Reconciliation of the consolidated entity's carrying amount		
Opening balance	19,718,653	22,663,372
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	458,084	(2,222,693)
Southern Palladium Limited's share of loss after income tax	(517,482)	(722,026)
Closing carrying amount	19,659,255	19,718,653

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

7 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
Trade creditors	5	6,350	31,856
PAYG payables		-	9,347
Super payables		1,952	-
Accrued expenses	7	9,513	58,087
	13	7,815	99,290
8 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY			
89,750,000 fully paid ordinary shares (2023: 89,750,000)	41,07	9,861	41,079,861
Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the ri	ght to dividends and have n	o par value.	
Movement in ordinary share capital	Number of shares	ssue price	Share capital

Movement in or	rdinary share capital	Number of shares	Issue price	Share capital
2023			\$	\$
1-Jul-22	Opening balance	89,750,000		41,079,861
	No movement during the period			
30-Jun-23	Balance at the end of the year	89,750,000		41,079,861
			_	
2024				
1-Jul-23	Opening balance	89,750,000		41,079,861
	No movement during the period			
30-Jun-24	Balance at the end of the year	89,750,000		41,079,861

9 RESERVES

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Options reserves	2,148,538	2,114,413
FX reserves	(1,910,175)	(2,240,344)
Performance rights reserves	314,383	164,383
	552,746	38,452

10 ACCUMULATED LOSSES

Accumulated losses at beginning of financial year	(9,932,587)	(2,756,439)
Loss for the year	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Accumulated losses at the end of financial year	(16,657,864)	(9,932,587)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

11 NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of operating profit after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Operating loss after income tax	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Adjustment for:		
Share of loss of associate accounting using equity method	517,482	722,026
Impairment expense	5,760,855	5,513,411
Non cash investing and financing activities:		
Share-based payments related to directors' options	184,125	251,662
Interest accrued	(666,829)	(202,841)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayment	(3,353)	142,198
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	38,525	(311,040)
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	(894,472)	(1,060,732)

12 LOSS PER SHARE

Weighted average number of ordinary shares		2024 Number 89,750,000	2023 Number 89,750,000
		2024	2023
		\$	\$
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders			
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders for the basic earnings	а	6,725,277	7,176,148
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders adjusted for effect of dilution		6,725,277	7,176,148
Basic/diluted (loss) per share	b	(0.075)	(0.080)
Headline/diluted (loss) per share	С	(0.075)	(0.080)

- a) Diluted earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders are equal to earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders.
- b) Diluted loss per share has not been disclosed as the impact from options is anti-dilutive.
- c) Headline earnings is a Johannesburg Stock Exchange defined performance measure and is reconciled from earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

12 LOSS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders		
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders for the headline earnings	(6,395,108)	(9,344,893)
Adjusted for:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(330,169)	2,168,745
Subtotal of adjustments	(330,169)	2,168,745
Headline losses	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Diluted headline losses	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
13 INCOME TAX		
a) The prima facie income tax benefit on pre-tax accounting loss reconciles to the income tax amount in the financial statements as follows:		
Loss from ordinary activities	(6,725,277)	(7,176,148)
Prima facie income tax benefit calculated at 25% of taxable loss (2023: 25%) Non-deductible items:	(1,681,319)	(1,794,037)
Movement in unrecognised temporary differences	1,585,020	1,520,264
Taxable losses not recognised	96,299	273,773
Income tax expense	-	-
b) Tax losses:		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised.	16,657,864	9,674,251
Potential tax benefit at 25% (2023: 25%)	4,164,466	2,418,563

Australian Tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely subject to the conditions imposed by Australian law.

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management objectives

The Company's activities in relation to financial risk are currently limited to the operation of its bank account held in Australian dollars. The board of directors set up operation of the account requiring two authorised signatories for any payment, meaning that no single person can effect a transaction from end to end on their own.

Foreign currency risk

The Company incurs some of its expenses in South African Rand (ZAR) and in US dollars, exposing it to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations. The carrying value of financial instruments that are held in a currency other than the entities functional currency are as follows (expressed in Australian dollars):

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Financial Liabilities		
Trade payables	5,716	5,061

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from ZAR dollar-denominated financial instruments. A 10 percent increase in the AUD/ZAR exchange rate would increase post-tax profit by \$519 while a 10 percent decrease in the AUD/ZAR exchange rate would decrease post-tax profit by \$635.

Interest rate risk

The Company main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks.

Interest rate risk - Sensitivity analysis for variable and short term fixed rate instruments

At 30 June 2024, if interest rates had changed by lower/higher 100 basis points from the year-end rates with other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been \$54,313 lower/higher (2023: change of 100 bps: \$115,477 lower/higher), as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves from funds raised by the Company in various capital raisings and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. The contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments are as follows:

Carrying	Contractual	Less than		More than
amount	cash flows	1 year	1-2 year	5 years
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
137,815	137,815	137,815		
99 290	99 290	99 290	-	
	amount \$	amount cash flows \$ \$ 137,815 137,815	amount cash flows 1 year \$ \$ \$ 137,815 137,815 137,815	amount cash flows 1 year 1-2 year \$ \$ \$ 137,815 137,815 137,815

The Company has adequate cash reserves for its current level of activities.

Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain a capital base sufficient to allow future exploration and development of the Group's current projects and evaluation of potential acquisitions. The Group has raised capital through the issue of equity and borrowings to fund its administration, exploration and evaluation activities and does not have any external borrowings at balance date. The Group may raise additional capital through the issue of new shares or debt finance to fund exploration, development and/or asset acquisition, should the Group require additional capital to carry out those activities. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parent entity

Southern Palladium Limited is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 19.

Joint ventures

Interests in Joint ventures are set out in note 6.

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 16 below.

Loans to/from related parties

Loans provided to MUM are set out in note 20a.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

16 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

a) Directors and executives

The directors and other key management personnel of Southern Palladium Limited during the year were:

Mr Roger Baxter - Non-executive Chairman (Appointed 1 January 2024)

Mr Johan Odendaal - Managing Director

Mr Daniel Van Heerden – Non-executive Director

Mr Geoffrey Hiller – Non-executive Director (Resigned 10 June 2024)

Ms Lindi Nkosi-Thomas – Non-executive Director (Appointed 10 June 2024)

Mr Mike Stirzaker - Non-executive Director (Non-executive Interim Chairman 6 May 2023 to 31 December 2023)

Mr Robert Thomson - Non-executive Director

b) Key Management Personnel compensation

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	330,601	340,410
Post-employment benefits	23,992	12,992
Share-based benefits (i)	184,125	251,661
	538,718	605,063

⁽i) 81% of the share-based benefits in the current financial year (2023: 60%) were due to Mr Stirzaker, Mr Hiller and Mr Thomson as deferred conditional consideration for the transaction whereby the Company acquired its 70% equity interest in MUM. The remaining 19% (2023: 40%) forms part of their (and Mr Odendaal's and Mr van Heerden's) remuneration for services as a director of the Company.

c) Other related parties transactions

In the financial year, MUM paid/pays South Africa Rand 18,418,245 to Minxcon (Pty) Ltd for project management of the Bengwenyama Project. Two of the Company's Directors, Johan Odendaal and Daniel Van Heerden, are significant and controlling shareholders in Minxcon (Pty) Ltd.

Johan Odendaal is also an Executive Director to MUM, in which the Company holds 70% interests. The aggregate remuneration payable to Johan Odendaal by the Company and MUM under his employment contract with the Company and arrangements with MUM is A\$250,000 per annum.

Mike Stirzaker and Daniel Van Heerden were appointed as Non-Executive Directors to MUM effective 26 May 2022.

Lindi Nkosi-Thomas was appointed as Non-Executive Chairman to MUM effective 19 May 2022 (Non-executive director, 3 March 2017 to 18 May 2022).

As of 30 June 2024, MUM directors' fees payable to Key Management Personnel as follows:

	South Africa Rand			
	Annual Fee	30 June 2024		
Non-Executive Directors:				
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas (Chairman)	170,000	170,000		
Mike Stirzaker	140,000	140,000		
Daniel Van Heerden	140,000	140,000		
Managing Directors:				
Johan Odendaal	1,450,000	1,450,000		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

17 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by BDO Audit Pty Ltd, the auditor of the Company, its network firms and unrelated firms. The BDO entity performing the audit of the group transitioned from BDO Audit (WA) to BDO Audit Pty Ltd on 7 May 2024. The disclosures include amounts received or due and receivable by BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd, BDO Audit Pty Ltd and their respective related entities.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Audit services - BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd		
Audit and review of financial reports	-	63,605
Audit services - BDO Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit and review of financial reports	72,009	

18 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

Set out below is the supplementary information about the parent entity.

a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

Current assets \$ \$ Non-current assets 5,454,683 11,567,434 Non-current assets 19,659,255 19,717,582 Total assets 25,113,938 31,285,016 Current liabilities 137,815 99,290 Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity Contributed equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929) Total comprehensive loss (6,395,108) (9,345,674)	Statement of Financial Position	2024	2023
Non-current assets 19,659,255 19,717,582 Total assets 25,113,938 31,285,016 Current liabilities 137,815 99,290 Total liabilities 137,815 99,290 Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)		\$	\$
Total assets 25,113,938 31,285,016 Current liabilities 137,815 99,290 Total liabilities 137,815 99,290 Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Current assets	5,454,683	11,567,434
Current liabilities 137,815 99,290 Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity 24,079,752 41,079,752 Contributed equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726	Non-current assets	19,659,255	19,717,582
Total liabilities 137,815 99,290 Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Total assets	25,113,938	31,285,016
Net Assets 24,976,123 31,185,726 Equity	Current liabilities	137,815	99,290
Equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Total liabilities	137,815	99,290
Contributed equity 41,079,752 41,079,752 Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Net Assets	24,976,123	31,185,726
Reserves 552,746 38,452 Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Equity		
Accumulated losses (16,656,375) (9,932,478) Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Contributed equity	41,079,752	41,079,752
Total equity 24,976,123 31,185,726 Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Reserves	552,746	38,452
Loss for the year (6,725,277) (7,176,929)	Accumulated losses	(16,656,375)	(9,932,478)
	Total equity	24,976,123	31,185,726
Total comprehensive loss (6,395,108) (9,345,674)	Loss for the year	(6,725,277)	(7,176,929)
	Total comprehensive loss	(6,395,108)	(9,345,674)

b) Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

The parent entity did not have any financial guarantees as at 30 June 2024.

c) Contingent liability of parent entity

The parent entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2024.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

19 INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Name of controlled entity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Ownership interest 2024 %	Ownership interest 2023 %
Parent entity Southern Palladium Limited	Australia			
Subsidiaries SPD (RSA Holding) Pty Limited (i)	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
(i) Subsidiaries of SPD (RSA Holding) Pty Limited SPD South Africa Proprietary Limited (ii)	South Africa	Ordinary	100	100
(ii) Subsidiaries of SPD South Africa Proprietary Limited Miracle Upon Miracle Proprietary Limited	South Africa	Ordinary	70	70
20 UNSECURED LOAN				
			2024	2023
			\$	\$
Loan facility to MUM*		10,4	104,594	5,308,085
Accrued interest			369,672	205,326
Impairment of loan receivables	а	(11,2	74,266)	(5,513,411)
			_	

^{*}Cumulative loan balance of USD 7,521,542 at year end.

On or about 20 May 2021, MUM and the Company entered into a loan facility and services agreement, which was subsequently amended and restated on or about 22 March 2022 (Loan Agreement) the purpose of which is to record the terms and conditions pursuant to which the Company will provide, or provide the means through which, MUM can access from the Company the financial and technical support and/or expertise that MUM requires. The Company grants a Prospecting Facility for an amount equal to the total of \$19 million set out in the Prospecting Work Programme budget to be used by MUM for the sole purpose of carrying out the "Prospecting Operations".

Interest on the cumulative loan amount owing by MUM to the Company is accrued at the US Bank Prime Loan Rate for US\$ (At 30 June 2024 prime rate, being 8.50%), and amongst other things, interest on the outstanding balance will not be compounded.

The payment terms of the outstanding loan amount shall be repaid in full by MUM to the Company by no later than five years from the date that MUM commences "Commercial Mining Operations" in respect of the Prospecting Facility and the Company shall not be entitled to demand repayment for the outstanding loan amount before this date. MUM shall be entitled to settle any outstanding loan amount at any time prior to the designated repayment date, although MUM may not re-borrow any part of the facility which has been repaid to the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

20 UNSECURED LOAN (CONTINUED)

During the period in which there is an outstanding loan amount, MUM is bound by a number of undertakings relating to, amongst other things, maintaining its corporate existence and recording and notifying the Company of any event of default. A number of events provided in the Loan Agreement constitute an event of default, including but not limited to, using the advanced amounts for a purpose other than the purpose as set out in the Loan Agreement and breach or omission by MUM to carry out its obligations or undertakings as contemplated in the Loan Agreement. If any of these events continue to occur, the Company shall be entitled to:

- i). claim immediate payment of the outstanding loan amount (by providing written notice to MUM);
- ii). demand specific performance; and/or
- iii). claim payment for losses, liabilities, damages, taxes etc. incurred by the Company under the Loan Agreement as a result of the event of default.

a) Impairment of receivables

The Unsecured Loan has been impaired to the value of \$11,274,266, being the total loan and accrued interest due from MUM. The Company is of the view that given the current stage of the exploration project and the uncertainty in relation to the timing of MUM commencing "Commercial Mining Operations" and generating positive cashflows from its project, at this stage it is uncertain that \$11,274,266 owed by MUM is capable of being repaid from MUM.

21 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

		2024 \$	2023 \$
Series B Options	а	(34,125)	(101,662)
Performance Rights	b	(150,000)	(150,000)
		(184,125)	(251,662)

a) Options issued to Employees and Directors and Lead Manager

(i) Directors Options

No options were issued during the year ended 30 June 2024. (2023: Nil)

Series B options vested in two equal tranches, respectively after completion of one and two year's service on the Board post Listing. Share-based payment of \$34,125 (2023: \$101,662) is recognised for the purpose of the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Details of options are below:

	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Vesting date	Exercise price	Fair Value per option at grant date
Series B Options	250,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	27-05-2023	\$0.875	\$0.301
Series B Options	250,000	27-05-2022	27-05-2026	27-05-2024	\$0.875	\$0.301

(ii) Lead Manager Options

No option was issued during the year ended 30 June 2024. (2023: Nil)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

21 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

b) Performance Rights issued to Directors

Directors Performance Rights

No performance right was granted to directors during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

Each performance right entitles the holder to be issued an ordinary share in the Company for nil exercise price upon the achievement of the Initial Reserve Milestone and, upon vesting, can be converted into shares on a 1-1 basis. The Initial Reserve Milestone being at least 2,000,000 oz of Identified PGE (4E) Reserves have been identified, comprising at least 15 million tonnes and a grade of at least 3.0 grams per tonne.

In accordance with AASB 2 Share-based Payment, the value of the Performance Rights will be expensed over the respective vesting periods. \$150,000 (2023: \$150,000) is recognised for the purpose of the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Details of performance Rights are below:

·	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Vesting date	Exercise price	Fair Value per performance rights at grant date
Performance Rights	1,200,000	27-05-2022	08-06-2026	-	Nil	\$0.50

c) Shares issued for services under a share-based payment arrangement during the year.

No shares were issued for services under a share-based payment arrangement during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

d) Options issued for services under a share-based payment arrangement during the year.

No options were issued for services under a share-based payment arrangement during the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

22 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

Basis of preparation

This consolidated entity disclosure statement has been prepared in accordance with the s295(3A)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 and includes the required information for Southern Palladium Limited and the entities it controls in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

Tax residency

S295(3A)(vi) of the Corporations Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency may involve judgement as there are different interpretations that could be adopted and which could give rise to different conclusions regarding residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

Australian tax residency

Current legislation and judicial precent has been applied, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance.

Foreign tax residency

Where appropriate, independent tax advisers have been engaged to assist in the determination of tax residency to ensure applicable foreign tax legislation has been complied with.

Trust and partnerships

Australian tax law generally does not contain residency tests for trusts and partnerships and these entities are typically taxed on a flow-through basis. Additional discourses regarding the tax status of trusts and partnerships have been included where relevant.

Entity name	Entity type	Trustee, partner or participant in joint venture	Country of Incorporation	% of Share Capital	Australian or Foreign Tax Resident	Foreign Tax Jurisdiction(s) of Foreign Residents
Southern Palladium Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	Australia	N/A	Australian	N/A
SPD (RSA Holding) Pty Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	Australia	100%	Australian	N/A
SPD South Africa Proprietary Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	South Africa	100%	Foreign	South Africa
Miracle Upon Miracle Proprietary Limited	Body Corporate	N/A	South Africa	70%	Foreign	South Africa

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- the information disclosed in the Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement is true and correct;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the remuneration report as set out in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2024 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Board

Roger Baxter Chairman

Australia, 28 September 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Southern Palladium Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Southern Palladium Limited (the Company), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Southern Palladium Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Carrying value of Investment in Associate

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
As disclosed in note 6 of the financial report, the group holds a 70% interest in the Bengwenyama Project through its investment in Miracle Upon Miracle Investments Proprietary Limited (MUM). The classification of the asset as an investment under AASB 128 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures. Measurement thereof is a key audit matter due to the significance of the asset to the Group, and the judgement exercised by management in assessing the classification of the investment and determining whether there are any indicators to suggest that the investment may be impaired	Our procedures included, but were not limited to the following; • Considering the appropriateness of management's assessment of significant influence over MUM and accounting for the interest as an investment in associate; • Considering management's assessment of indicators that the investment in associate could be impaired; • Reviewing the calculation for the carrying value of the investment including the Group's share in MUM's loss; • Reviewing the financial information of the investment including assessing if the accounting policies of the investment were consistent with the Group, • Reviewing ASX announcements, Board of Directors meetings minutes to assess for potential indicators of impairment; and
	 Reviewing the adequacy of the disclosures in Note 2 and Note 6 of the financial report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i) the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar2_2020.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 20 to 24 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2024.



In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Southern Palladium Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2024, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Glyn O'Brien

500

Director

Perth, 28 September 2024

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION AS AT 21 OCTOBER 2024

Distribution of Equity Shareholder

Total shares issued: 89,750,000
Percentage held by 20 largest shareholders: 78.61%
Shareholders with less than marketable parcel of shares: 416

Size of Shareholding	Number of holders*	Number of Shares*	% of Issued Capital*
1 - 1,000	416	16,201	0.02
1,001 - 5,000	166	358,855	0.40
5,001 - 10,000	84	671,625	0.75
10,001 - 100,000	153	5,852,662	6.52
100,001 Over	65	82,850,657	92.31
Total	884	89,750,000	100.00

^{*} Australian and South African Registers combined

Top 20 Shareholders

Rank	Name	Number of Shares	% of Issued Capital
1	NICHOLAS DANIEL RESOURCES PROPRIETY	12,656,992	14.10%
2	NURINOX INVESTMENTS (PTY) LTD	8,327,394	9.28%
3	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LTD	7,690,463	8.57%
4	LEGACY PLATINUM CORP	5,108,194	5.69%
5	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	4,708,525	5.25%
6	OHIO TRUST	4,218,796	4.70%
7	SPITZKOPPE TRUST	3,982,822	4.44%
8	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	3,436,397	3.83%
9	VUSUMUZI PAUL MHLUNGU	2,717,302	3.03%
9	ZTM BROKERS CLOSE CORPORATION	2,717,302	3.03%
10	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	2,181,404	2.43%
11	EQUITY TRUSTEES LIMITED <lowell a="" c="" fund="" resources=""></lowell>	1,925,584	2.15%
12	UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,668,403	1.86%
13	DAVID GRANT LEIBOWITZ	1,416,448	1.58%
14	CLARKSONS BOATHOUSE PTY LTD <clarkson a="" c="" fund="" super=""></clarkson>	1,363,316	1.52%
15	MRS ANNETTE LILIAN SEGALL	1,236,772	1.38%
16	QUALITY LIFE PTY LTD <longship a="" c="" fund=""></longship>	950,000	1.06%
17	ROOKHARP CAPITAL PTY LTD	900,000	1.00%
18	NEWECONOMY COM AU NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <900 ACCOUNT>	896,075	1.00%
19	NALEDI DEVELOPMENT PROPRIETY	890,894	0.99%
19	LAWTONS INCORPORATED	890,894	0.99%
20	MONTEREY CONSOLIDATED SERVICES P/L <lorodaca super=""></lorodaca>	666,667	0.74%
	TOTAL	70,550,644	78.61%

Unquoted Securities

Security Type	Number	Terms	Number of Holders
Options	7,338,000	Exercise Price \$0.875 Expiry Date 27 May 2026	13
Performance Rights	1,200,000	Nil exercise price expiring on or 8 June 2026	3

Substantial Holders

Substantial Holder	Number of Shares	% of Issued Capital
Nicolas Daniel Resources Proprietary Limited	12,656,992	14.10
Nurinox Investments Proprietary Limited	8,327,394	9.28
Robert Napier Keith	5,250,000	5.85

Restricted Securities

There are 22,750,000 shares (being the Clawback Shares) that are subject to voluntary restrictions under the terms of the Share Exchange Agreement until 8 June 2026

On Market Buy Back

Currently there is no on-market buy-back of the Company's securities.

Voting Rights

Every shareholder present personally or by proxy or attorney etc. shall, on a show of hands, have one vote and on a poll shall have one vote for every share held. No voting rights attach to options.

Stock Exchange Listings

Southern Palladium Limited is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX Code: SPD) and dual listed company on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE Code: SDL).

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors Roger Baxter (Executive Chairman)

Johan Odendaal (Managing Director)
Mike Stirzaker (Non-Executive Director)
Robert Thomson (Non-Executive Director)
Daniel Van Heerden (Non-Executive Director)
Lindi Nkosi-Thomas (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary Andrew J. Cooke

Registered & Principal

Office

Level 1, 283 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Contact Information <u>info@southernpalladium.com</u>

Share Registry Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Level 3, 60 Carrington Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Computershare SA

Rosebank Towers, 15 Biermann Avenue,

Rosebank, 2196, South Africa

Auditor BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Level 9, Mia Yellagonga Tower 2

5 Spring Street, Perth WA 6000, Australia

Bankers Commonwealth Bank Australia

Commonwealth Bank Place South,

Level 1, 11 Harbour Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia

Stock Exchange Listing Southern Palladium Limited shares are dual listed on the Australian

Securities Exchange (ASX code: SPD) and the Johannesburg Stock

Exchange (JSE code: SDL)

JSE Sponsor Merchantec Capital

JHB 13th Floor, Illovo Point

68 Melville Road, Illovo, Sandton, 2196, South Africa

Website <u>www.southernpalladium.com</u>

Corporate Governance

Statement

www.southernpalladium.com/site/about/corporate-governance

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